

## Lesson 183

### Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

房子  
Fángzi  
House

家具  
Jiājù  
Furniture

沙发  
Shāfā  
Sofa

茶几  
Chájī  
Coffee table

餐桌  
Cānzhuō  
Dining table

饭厅  
Fàntīng  
Dinning room

书桌  
Shūzhuō  
Study table t

书房  
Shūfáng  
Study room

柜子  
Guìzi  
Cabinet

书柜  
Shūguì  
Bookcase

### Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

房子  
Fángzi  
House

家具  
Jiājù  
Furniture

沙發  
Shāfā  
Sofa

茶幾  
Chájī  
Coffee table

餐桌  
Cānzhuō  
Dining table

飯廳  
Fàntīng  
Dinning room

書桌  
Shūzhuō  
Study table t

書房  
Shūfáng  
Study room

櫃子  
Guìzi  
Cabinet

書櫃  
Shūguì  
Bookcase

**Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:**

衣柜  
Yīguì  
Wardrobe

酒柜  
Jiǔguì  
Wine rack

流理台  
Liúlǐtái  
Kitchen counter

电脑桌  
Diànnǎozhuō  
Computer desk

鞋柜  
Xiéguì  
Shoe rack

化妆台  
Huàzhuāngtái  
Vanity table

水床  
Shuǐchuáng  
Water bed

书架  
Shūjià  
Bookshelf

柜  
guì  
Cabinet

几  
jǐ  
Small table

**Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:**

衣櫃  
Yīguì  
Wardrobe

酒櫃  
Jiǔguì  
Wine rack

流理台  
Liúlǐtái  
Kitchen counter

電腦桌  
Diànnǎozhuō  
Computer desk

鞋櫃  
Xiéguì  
Shoe rack

化妝台  
Huàzhuāngtái  
Vanity table

水床  
Shuǐchuáng  
Water bed

書架  
Shūjià  
Bookshelf

櫃  
guì  
Cabinet

几  
jǐ  
Small table

Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

具  
jù  
Equipment

Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

具  
jù  
Equipment

Lesson 183 Notes (Simplified / Traditional):

1. You can see a couple of examples of **le** in **A, duì, wǒ xiǎng qǐlái le** and **A, wǒ liǎojiě le**.

**le**                                      了 / 了                                      change of situation particle

**A, duì, wǒ xiǎng qǐlái le**

啊，對，我想起來了 / 啊，對，我想起來了                                      Ah, I remember now

**A, wǒ liǎojiě le**.

啊，我了解了 / 啊，我了解了                                      Ah, I understand now

2. You can see a couple more examples of the **qǐlái** in **Shāfā niàn qǐlái gēn tāde yīngwén hěn xiàng** and **A, duì, wǒ xiǎng qǐlái le**.

**qǐlái**                                      起來 / 起來                                      start of an action

**Shāfā niàn qǐlái gēn tāde yīngwén hěn xiàng**

沙发念起来跟他的英文很像 / 沙發念起來跟他的英文很像  
"Shāfā" sounds a lot like its English counterpart

**A, duì, wǒ xiǎng qǐlái le**

啊，对，我想起来了 / 啊，對，我想起來了                                      Ah, I remember now

3. **Shénme dōngxi** ? is sometimes used in the context of "What does this mean?"

**Shénme dōngxi**                                      什麼東西 / 什麼東西                                      What do you mean

4. **Bǎ** is used often to describe the action of grabbing an object before doing something to it, as in **nǐ kěyǐ bǎ nàxiē xiǎo dōngxī fàng zài nǎlǐ ?**

**Bǎ**                                      把 / 把                                      To grasp

**nǐ kěyǐ bǎ nàxiē xiǎo dōngxī fàng zài nǎlǐ**

你可以把那些小东西放在哪里 / 你可以把那些小東西放在哪裡

where can you put these small things

5. **Xiàng** is used a couple of times in the context of “for example” in **Xiàng shūfáng lǐ de guìzi, jiào shénme ne ?** and **Xiàng shūfáng, zhè liǎngge zì wǒmen dōu jiāo guò le .**

**Xiàng**                                      像 / 像                                      For example

**Xiàng shūfáng lǐ de guìzi, jiào shénme ne**

像書房裡的櫃子，叫什麼呢 / 像書房裡的櫃子，叫什麼呢

For example, what are the cabinets in the study room called

**Xiàng shūfáng, zhè liǎngge zì wǒmen dōu jiāo guò le**

像 書房 這兩個字我們都教過了 / 像 书房 这两个字我们都教过了

For example we have taught both characters in “shūfáng” (study room) before