

## Complete Lesson Transcript – Lesson 122 (English)

Kirin: [Chinese Learn Online lesson 122](#) .

Coco: [Hello everyone](#) , I'm Coco .

Kirin: [Hello everyone](#) , I'm Kirin .

Adam: And hello, I'm Adam.

Kirin: [Welcome to our progressive course teaching Chinese](#) . We are in Taichung, Taiwan .

Coco: [Taichung is a city in the middle of Taiwan](#) .

Adam: This is the start of level 3 of our course and as such we are going to be increasing the amount of Chinese used within the lesson. We will continue to teach new words in each lesson, while re-using vocabulary we've previously taught in the past during the chat portions.

Kirin: [What are we going to study today](#) ?

Coco: [We are going to review what we have studied before](#) .

Kirin: [“Review”](#) , [this is our first new word today](#) .

Adam: And that means “review.”

Coco: [That's right, “review”](#) .

Kirin: [What are we going to review today then](#) ?

Coco: [We are going to review our section on greetings today](#) .

Kirin: [We have two new words here](#) . The first is [“greetings”](#) .

Adam: And that refers to “greetings.”

Kirin: [At the end, we have another new word](#) , [”section”](#) .

Adam: And that means “section.” So when you put the two together you get:

Kirin: [Greetings section](#) .

Adam: Which means “Greetings section.” So what are we doing again today?

Coco: We are going to review our section on greetings today .

Adam: “We are going to review our section on Greetings.”

Kirin: Ok, in level one , we have already taught “Hello ”, “Hello (plural) ” , “Hello everyone ”

Coco: Yes, that’s the most basic way of greeting .

Kirin: Eh - what does “jīběn” mean ?

Adam: That’s another good word to know – it means “basic.”

Coco: Yes, so the new words taught in level one were all more basic .

Kirin: So were there any other greetings in level one ?

Coco: Yes, there were . Do you remember what “Hǎo jiǔ bú jiàn” is ?

Adam: That means “long time no see.”

Kirin: We can also say “I haven’t seen you for a long time ”

Coco: Yes, these two have the same meaning .

Kirin: Ok, what about level two then ? What new greeting words were there ?

Coco: For example “Good morning , Good afternoon , Good evening .”

Kirin: So when do we use these ways of greetings ?

Coco: You have to see when you are using them . For example, in the morning we can say “Good morning ” Around noon time we can say “Good afternoon ” etc .

Kirin: In lesson 68 we taught you the word “nǐn” . So when do we say “Nǐn hǎo” ?

Coco: When we want to use a more polite way, we can use “Nǐn hǎo” . For example if you want to greet your boss , or when greeting your guest or someone older than you etc .

Kirin: Ok, I hope today’s review will help you better understand the different ways of greetings and the different times to use them .

Coco: We’ll see you next time .